

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1: Identification

Product name: Rockbond Waterproof Powder

Recommended use: Waterproofing admixture for cement and concrete.

Company details: Rockbond SCP Ltd

Address: 7 Te Puni Street, Petone, Lower Hutt, Wellington, New Zealand 5012

Telephone Number: 0800 76 25 26

Emergency telephone number: 0800 76 25 26 (Hours of Operation 7.30am to 5pm Monday - Friday)

Date of preparation: December 2019

Section 2: Hazards Identification

Hazard classification: Non-Hazardous

Risk phrases:

Safety phrases: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water

and seek medical advice.

Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice

immediately (show the label where possible).

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/Mixture: Mixture.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number: Not applicable.

EC number: Mixture. **Product Code:** RB 6.05

Ingredient Name	%	CAS Number
Calcium Stearate	0-25	1595-23-0
Carboxylic Acid	0-25	
Blend of soluble and insoluble carbonates	>75	
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous	0-25	

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Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4: First-aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation: Cement powder may cause inflammation of the mucus membranes.

Ingestion: Small amounts of cement if swallowed are unlikely to cause harm.

However larger doses may result in the irritation of the gastro –

intestinal tract.

Skin: Cementitious powder wet or dry, may cause irritation, such as

dermatitis and/or alkali burns.

Eyes: The cement powder with water may cause irritation and

inflammation.

Target organs: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs:

lungs, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Specific treatments: Not available.

Notes to physician: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison

treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been

ingested or inhaled.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable: None known.

Special exposure hazards: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazchem code: Not available.

Special precautions for

fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity

of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving

any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and

self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece

operated in positive pressure mode.



Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and

emergency procedures: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on

appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways,

soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and

place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a

licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind.

Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information

and section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse

container.

Conditions of safe storage,

including any

incompatibilities: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original

container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in

unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid

environmental contamination.

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Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Recommended monitoring

procedures:

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective

equipment.

Engineering exposure

controls:

Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or

statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls:

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable

levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures:

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection:

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Dust masks MUST BE worn.

Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.



Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be

used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Skin protection:

Physical State:White powdersOdour:Odourless.Odour threshold:Not available.Melting point:Not applicable.

Boiling point: High.

Flash point:

Burning rate:

Not applicable.

Burning time:

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Not available.

Flammability (solid,gas):

Not available.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits:Not applicable.Vapour pressure:Not applicable.Vapour density:Not available.Density:Not availableCorrosiveness:Non-corrosive.Solubility:Mostly Insoluble.Solubility in water:Mostly Insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

Octanol/water: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature: Not available.

Specific Gravity: Loose bulk density: 950-1200kg/m3.

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Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions

will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: No specific data.

Incompatible materials: No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation:No specific data.Ingestion:No specific data.Skin contact:No specific data.Eye contact:No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Acute toxicity:Not available.Irritation/Corrosion:Not available.Sensitisation:Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General:Not available.Inhalation:Not available.Ingestion:Not available.Skin contact:Not available.Eye contact:Not available.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 11: Toxicological information

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Chronic toxicity:

Carcinogenicity:

Mutagenicity:

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity:

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity:

Aspiration hazard:

Not available.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates: Not available.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity: Not available.

Persistence/degradability: Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential: Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

Coefficient (Koc): Not available.

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods: Treat as a common mess. Sweep up and clear up thw powder with a

broom, dustpan and brush, and dispose of sensibly. Wear protective

clothing. The use of water is not recommended.

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Section 14: Transport information

Regulatory	UN	Proper Shipping	Classes	Packaging	Label	Additional
information	number	name		group	No.	information
New Zealand	Not	-	-	-	-	-
Class	regulated.					
ADG Class	Not	-	-	-	-	-
	regulated.					
ADR/RID	Not	-	-	-	-	-
Class	regulated.					
IATA Class	Not	-	-	-	-	-
	regulated.					
IMDG Class	Not	-	-	-	-	
	regulated.					

Section 15: Regulatory information

New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals (NZIoC): All Components are listed or exempted.

HSNO Approval Number:

HSNO Group Standard:

HSNO Classification:

Australia Inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

Safety, health an

Environmental regulations

specific for the product: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to

this product (including its ingredients).



Section 16: Other information

History

Date of printing: 01.12.2019

Date of issue/Date of revision: 01.12.2019

Date of previous issue: NA. Version: 2

Key to abbreviations: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978.

("Marpol" = marine pollution)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations

References: Not available.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

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